

CANDIDATE
NAME

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CENTRE
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MATHEMATICS

9709/31

Paper 3 Pure Mathematics 3 (P3)

October/November 2017

1 hour 45 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

Additional Materials: List of Formulae (MF9)

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name in the spaces at the top of this page.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer **all** the questions.

Give non-exact numerical answers correct to 3 significant figures, or 1 decimal place in the case of angles in degrees, unless a different level of accuracy is specified in the question.

The use of an electronic calculator is expected, where appropriate.

You are reminded of the need for clear presentation in your answers.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

The total number of marks for this paper is 75.

This document consists of **19** printed pages and **1** blank page.



(ii) Hence sketch the graph of $y = \tan(45^\circ + x) + \tan(45^\circ - x)$ for $0^\circ \leq x \leq 90^\circ$.

[3]

6 The variables x and y satisfy the differential equation

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = 4 \cos^2 y \tan x,$$

for $0 \leq x < \frac{1}{2}\pi$, and $x = 0$ when $y = \frac{1}{4}\pi$. Solve this differential equation and find the value of x when $y = \frac{1}{3}\pi$. [8]

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- (b) On an Argand diagram, shade the region whose points represent complex numbers satisfying both the inequalities $|z - 2 - i| \leq 2$ and $0 \leq \arg(z - i) \leq \frac{1}{4}\pi$. [4]

8 Let $f(x) = \frac{4x^2 + 9x - 8}{(x + 2)(2x - 1)}$.

(i) Express $f(x)$ in the form $A + \frac{B}{x + 2} + \frac{C}{2x - 1}$. [4]

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10 The equations of two lines l and m are $\mathbf{r} = 3\mathbf{i} - \mathbf{j} - 2\mathbf{k} + \lambda(-\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j} + 4\mathbf{k})$ and $\mathbf{r} = 4\mathbf{i} + 4\mathbf{j} - 3\mathbf{k} + \mu(2\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j} - 2\mathbf{k})$ respectively.

(i) Show that the lines do not intersect. [3]

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(ii) Calculate the acute angle between the directions of the lines. [3]

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